## National Commission for the Promotion of Equality

 Men And Women
## Research on the distribution of work in households during the Covid-19 pandemic

## Survey

## N(PE

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- Survey assessed the unequal distribution of unpaid/informal work within households between women and men
- Online survey disseminated between the 23rd June and the 13th July - social media platforms, email to NGOs, private companies and the public sector
- Not representative of the population


## Point of Departure

- Survey asked about the increases/ decreases per week as a result of Covid-19 in the total hours spent on different tasks; it did not ask about differences in hours spent on such work before and during Covid-19
- EIGE Gender Equality Index 2019 sheds light on the point of departure from which there were increases/decreases during Covid-19


## EIGE Gender Equality Index 2019

## Paid work

- Full-time employment rate for a couple with children stands at $55.8 \%$ for women, and $94.7 \%$ for men
- $25 \%$ of women work on a part-time basis, in comparison to 7\% of men


## Care activities

- Women (couples with children) are much more involved in daily care activities - 85\% - than men - 58\%


## Housework

- 96.4\% of women (couples with children) do housework, in comparison to $31.4 \%$ of men in same category


## Profile of Respondents

## Gender

1,906 respondents

- 1,358 women
- 542 men
- 6 identify as other



## Profile of Respondents

## Age

Majority fall in the age groups: 25-34 and 35-44


## Profile of Respondents

## Education

Absolute majority of respondents have a tertiary or a postgraduate level of education


## Profile of Respondents

## Partner / spouse

Majority of respondents have a partner/spouse living in the same household


## Profile of Respondents

## Children

- Around half of respondents have children living in the same household.
- Of these, half have children under 16 years, with $0-5$ being the most common age cohort.

Age of youngest child



## Profile of Respondents

## Dependent adults

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Majority of the respondents do not have dependent adults living with them

Dependent Adults in Household


## Profile of Respondents

## Employment

Majority of respondents were employed when participating in the survey


## Profile of Respondents

Changes to employment status

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- $45.2 \%$ of female respondents and 46.2\% of male respondents retained their full hours of work, and fully or partially worked from home
- Majority of both female and male respondents stated that the pandemic has not affected their working hours



## Covid-19: Increase / Decrease

## Paid Work

- $33.2 \%$ of female respondents stated that the hours spent on paid work increased during the pandemic, compared to $\mathbf{2 9 . 6 \%}$ of male respondents
- $11.9 \%$ of female respondents and $14.4 \%$ of male respondents reported a decrease in paid working hours
- Majority of both female (54.9\%) and male (56\%) respondents stated that the pandemic has not affected their working hours.



## Covid-19: Increase / Decrease

## Housework

- 58.4\% of female respondents stated that the hours spent increased, compared to $55.2 \%$ of male respondents
- More male respondents, compared to females, stated that their load of housework remained the same during the pandemic



## Covid-19: Increase / Decrease

## NPPE Caring for children

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- Higher overall increase for females (63\%) in comparison to males (60.7\%)
- Difference in the category "Increased by 13 hours or more" is more marked, with double the number of female respondents reporting such increase



## Covid-19: Increase / Decrease

Home schooling

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- A 16\% gap between female and male respondents - 80.2\% for females and 64.2\% for males



## Covid-19: Increase / Decrease

## Caring for dependent adults

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- 54.7\% of females reported an increase, in comparison to $44 \%$ of males



## Covid-19: Increase / Decrease

## Leisure / free time

- More males - 45.3\% - in comparison to females - 42.6\% - reported an increase
- More females reported a decrease $32 \%$ - in comparison to males - 25.1\%



## Covid-19: Increase / Decrease

## Personal Care

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- More female respondents reported a decrease - $31.3 \%$ - compared to males 24.5\%
- $28.3 \%$ of female respondents and $24.2 \%$ of male respondents reported an increase



## Covid-19: Increase / Decrease

## Sleep

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- The majority of both female (57.8\%) and male (66.8\%) respondents stated that their sleep has either remained the same or increased by 1-3 hours.



## Agree / Disagree

## Housework was equally shared with my partner/ spouse during the Covid-19 pandemic

- Women less likely to "strongly agree / agree" with this statement, and more likely to "strongly disagree / disagree"
- The opposite happened with male respondents


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Housework was equally shared with my partner/spouse during the Covid-19 pandemic


## Agree / Disagree

Caring and home-schooling for children was equally shared with my partner/ spouse during the Covid-19 pandemic

- $59.2 \%$ of female respondents disagreed with this statement
- 35.7\% of male respondents disagreed with this statement



## Agree / Disagree

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Caring for dependent adults was equally shared with my partner/spouse during the Covid-19 pandemic

- Female respondents were more likely to disagree - 32.9\% - compared to males 19\%.



## Interpretation of Results

- The number of hours spent doing household tasks and childcare during the pandemic increased more for women than for men
- The time spent on personal care and sleep decreased more for women than it did for men
- Differences between women and men become even starker when findings are seen in the context of the EIGE Gender Equality Index 2019, which shows the extent of inequalities between women and men prior to Covid-19
- Existing inequality was not corrected or reduced, but reproduced and exacerbated


## Recommendations 1

- Implement measures that influence and challenge stereotypical public perceptions of men as breadwinners and women as child carers, such as longer paternity leave and paid parental leave on a use-it-or-lose-it basis
- Incentivise employers to support male workers in their choices regarding the sharing of family responsibilities
- Carry out a Gender Impact Assessment of the pandemic, and of the recovery measures


## Recommendations 2

- Implement gender-sensitive Covid-19 response plans and recovery measures
- Expand childcare support for working parents when care services are closed or limited due to Covid-19
- Flexible work arrangements in both the public as well as the private sector, with incentives if required


## Recommendations 3

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Policy measures and behavioural changes are necessary to tackle the deep roots of gender inequality

Gender stereotyping has to be proactively addressed across the board, by all
stakeholders, in all areas particularly politics, media, education
and policy making

## THANK YOU

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