



Panel 1: From school to work

Setting the scene

Joana Micallef PGEI Project Promoter











Gender Pay Gap: Definition

The difference between **average gross hourly earnings** of women and men employees within the economy as a whole (expressed as % of male gross earnings)





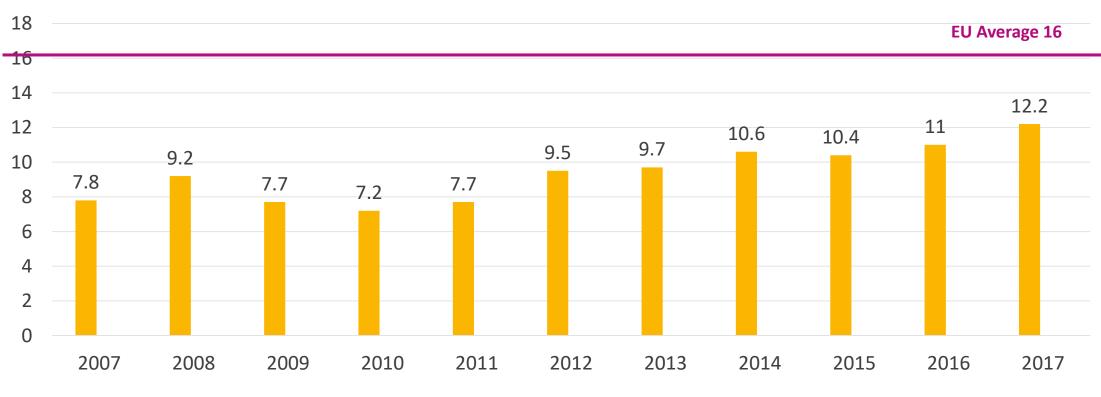






The gender pay gap in Malta

Source: Eurostat



Gender Pay Gap MT %

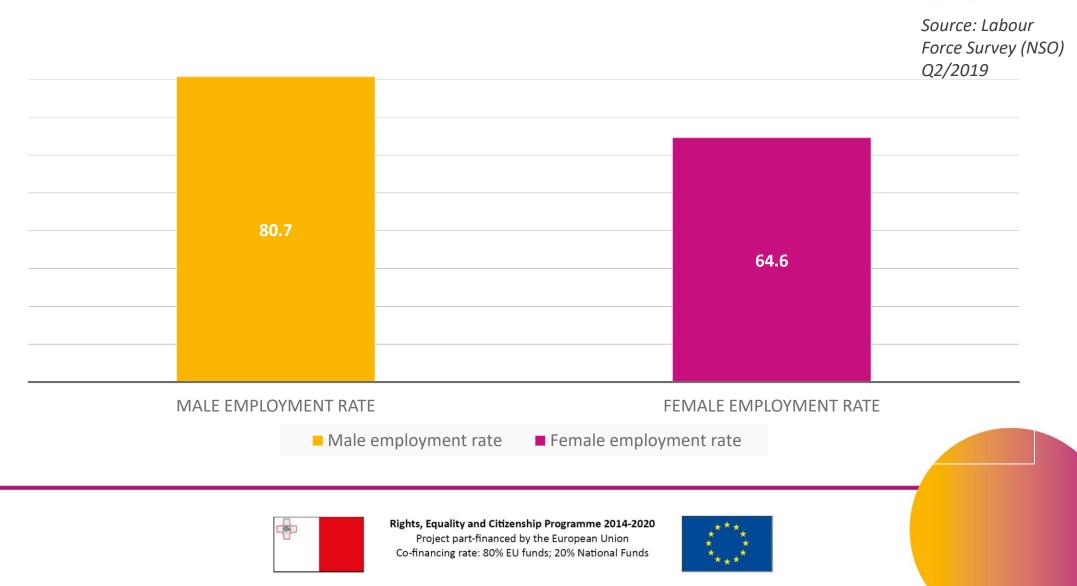








Women and men in the labour market in Malta Q2 2019(%)



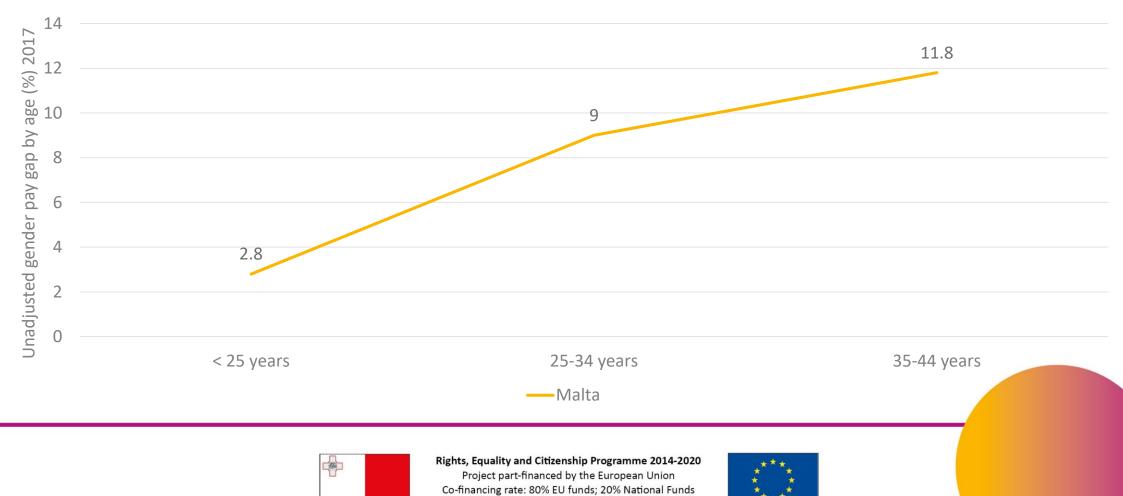




Gender pay gap by age

Source: Eurostat

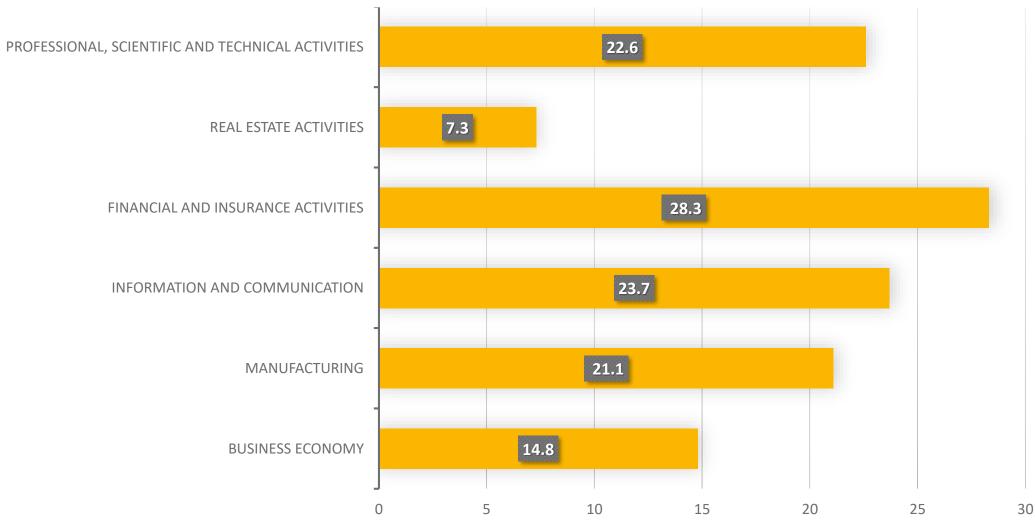
Malta







Gender pay gap by economic activity (%) in Malta Source: Eurostat



Causes of the gender pay gap

Care-penalty

Low number of women in managerial and decision-making positions

Pay discrimination

Gender segregation

in education and the

labour market

Part-time work Important unpaid tasks

Periods off the labour market

Stereotypes and roles

Source: 2018 EC Country Factsheet: Malta, *The gender pay gap in Malta*





Gender segregation in education and the labour market









Gender segregation

- Education
- Labour market
- Occupational choices
- Occupational remuneration
 - Lower wage occupations are predominantly taken up by women and vice versa



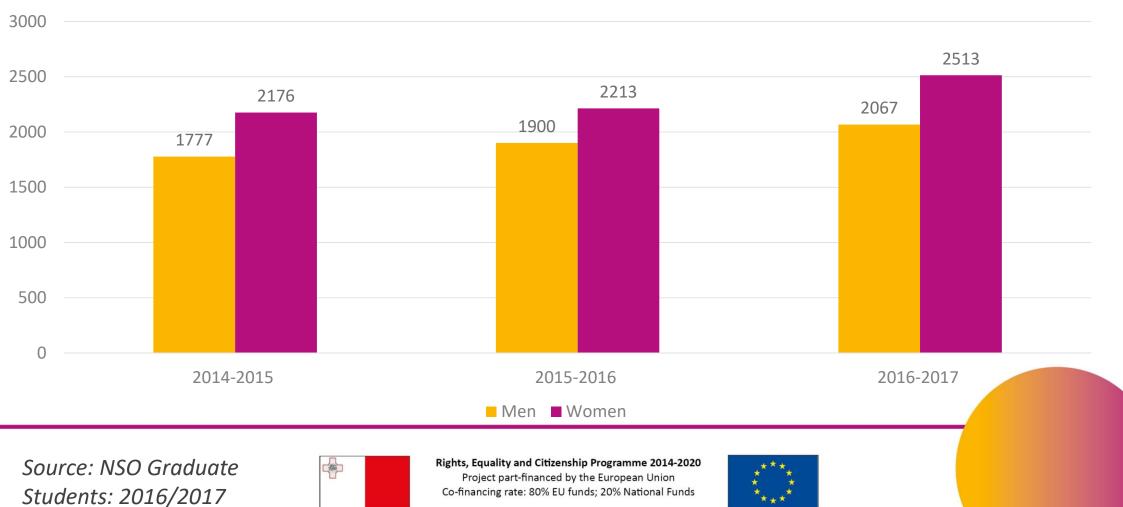






Tertiary level graduates in Malta

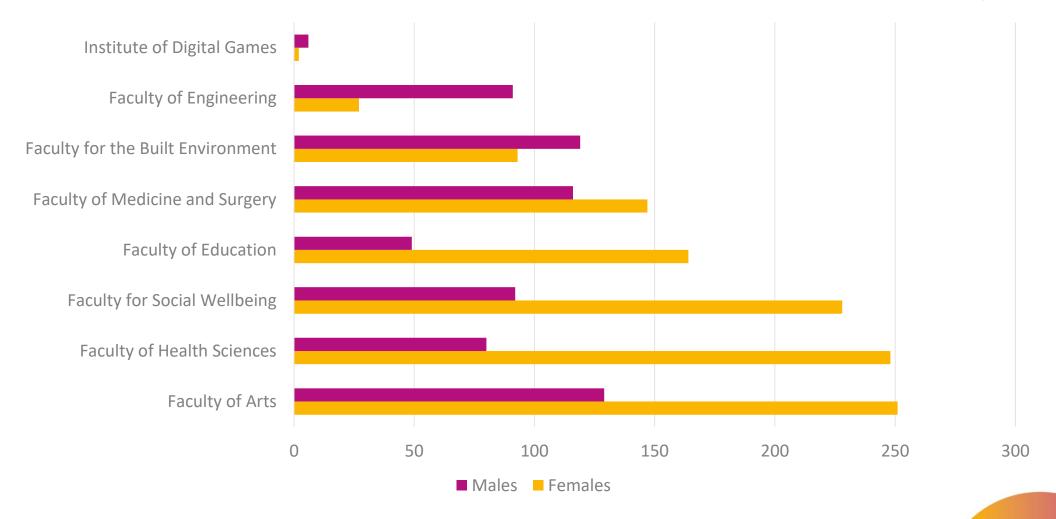
Tertiary-level graduates



Educational choices of men and women

Completed awards at University of Malta (2017/18)

Source: UoM Completed Awards 2017/2018

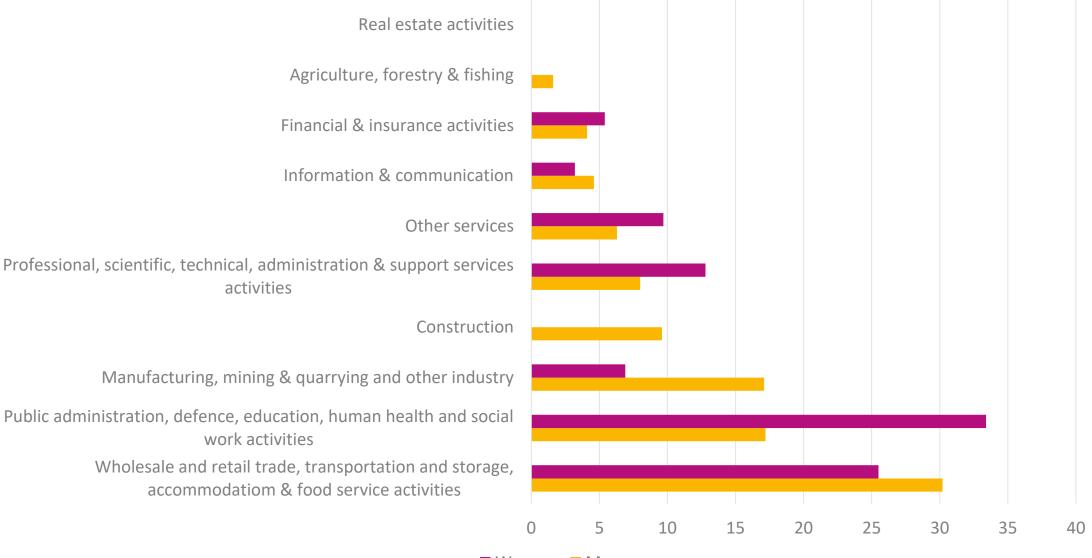






Occupational choices of men and women in Malta Q2/2019

Source: Labour Force Survey (NSO) Q2/2019



Women Men





Gender segregation in education and the labour market

Women have:

better educational outcomes than men

Higher average level of education

Women are:

Over-represented in industries with low pay levels

Under-represented in well paid industries









Part-time work

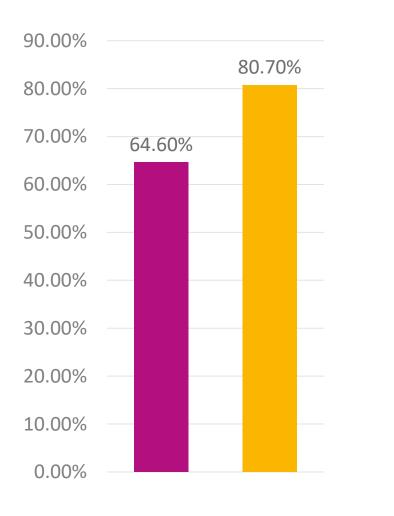




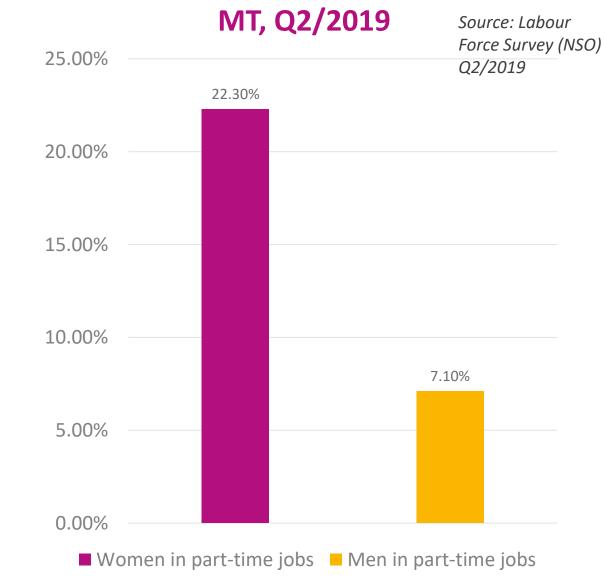




Women and men in employment in MT, Q2/2019



Women and men working part-time in







Low number of women in decision-making positions





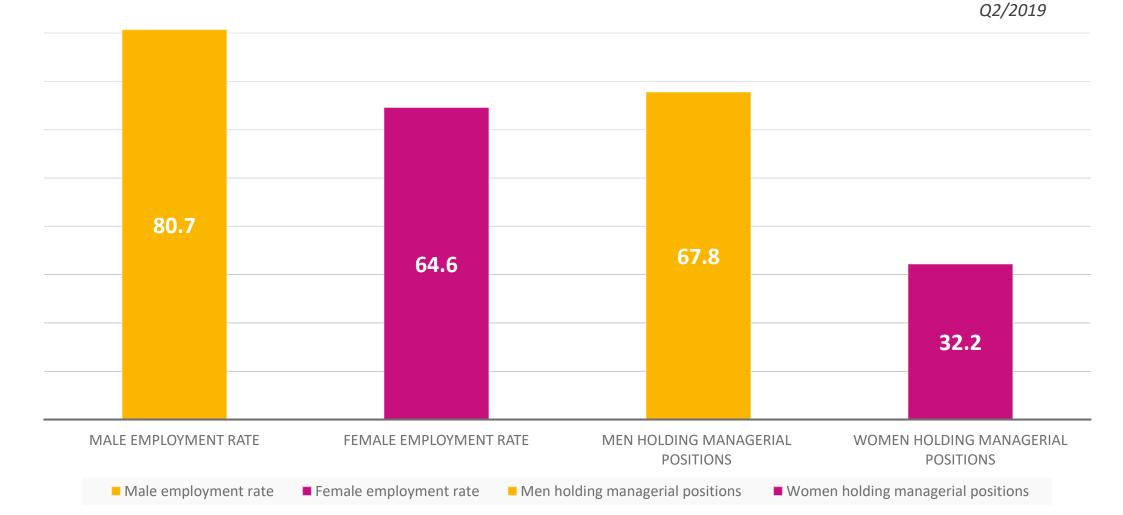




Source: Labour

Force Survey (NSO)

Women and men in the labour market and in managerial positions in Malta 2019 Q2(%)







Care-penalty









Care-penalty

Referring directly to the negative association between motherhood and other caring responsibilities such as caring for the elderly and other dependants, and the significant impact this has on women's careers

Opinion of the Advisory Committee on Equal Opportunities for Women and Men, Opinion on reducing the gender gap in pensions

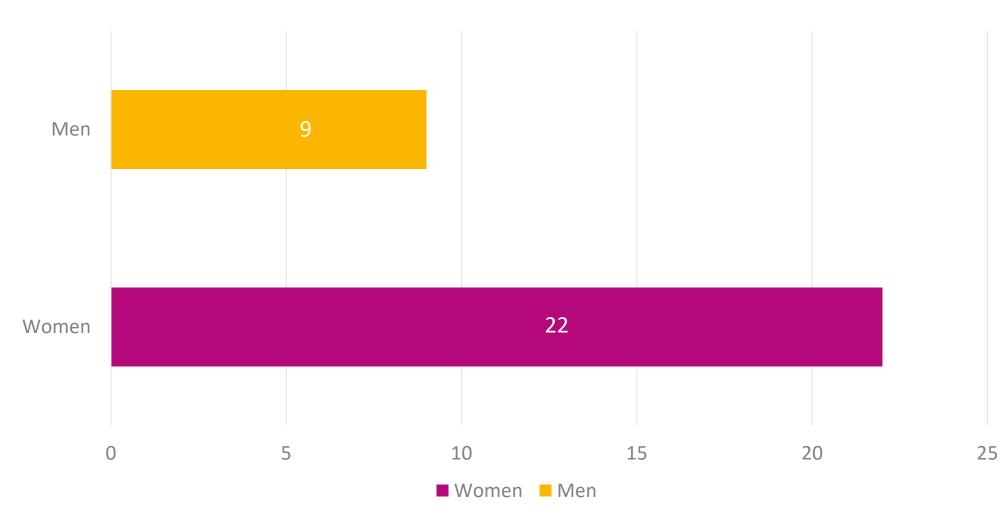








Unpaid work in Malta for women and men



2017 Report on the equality between women and men in the EU, European Commission

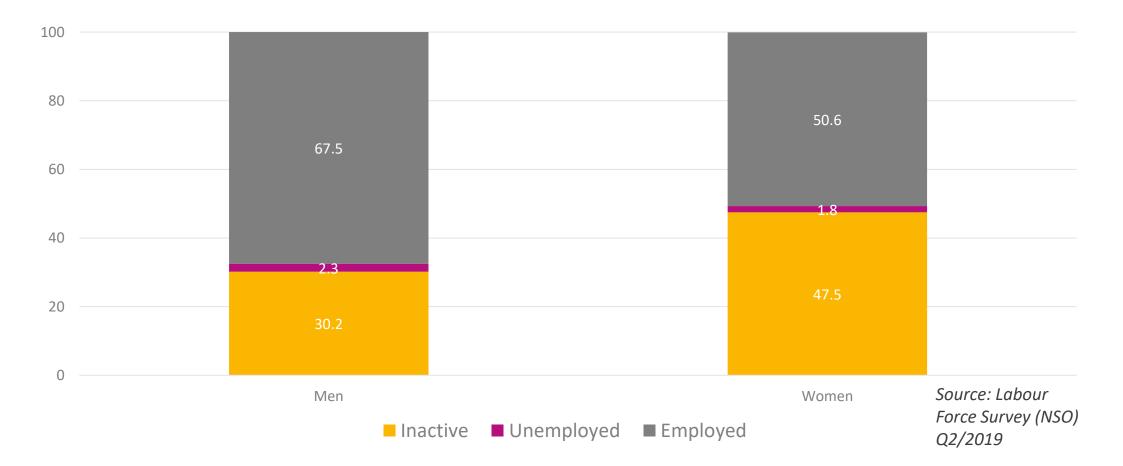


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Female and male inactivity in Malta Q2/2019

Persons aged 15 and over by sex and labour market







Stereotypes and roles









Stereotypes and roles Definition

A generalised view or preconception about attributes or characteristics that are or ought to be possessed by women and men, girls and boys or the roles that they



Source: United Nations Human Rights Office of the Commissioner should perform







Media representation

Context of gender equality and the media in the EU

- The media contributes to shaping gender roles through the portrayal of women and men thereby creating a distortion between how women are perceived on the media and how women live their lives in reality in Europe
- As a result, the media strengthens or perpetuates traditional gender stereotypes and stereotyped attitudes particularly online through algorithms









Panel 1: From school to work

- Mr. Mario Mallia, Head of School, St. Albert the Great College
- Ing. Helga Pizzuto , Chairperson, Malta
 Competition & Consumer Affairs Authority
- Mr. Albert Debono , Head of Student Advisory Services, UoM
- Ms. Sandra Cortis , Director, National School Support Services



Moderator: Mr Mario Xuereb



